

# **COVID-19 Data & Trends**

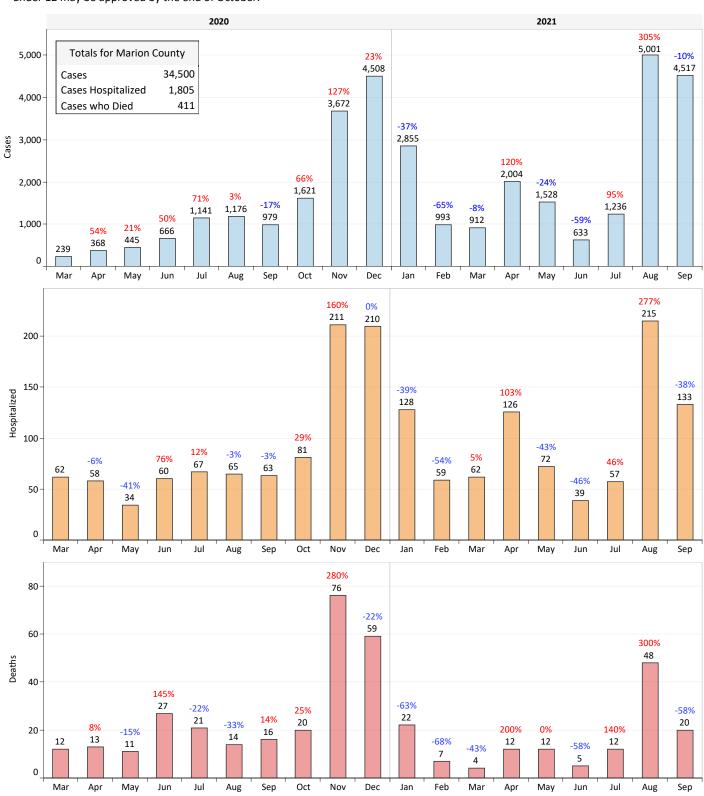
October 5, 2021

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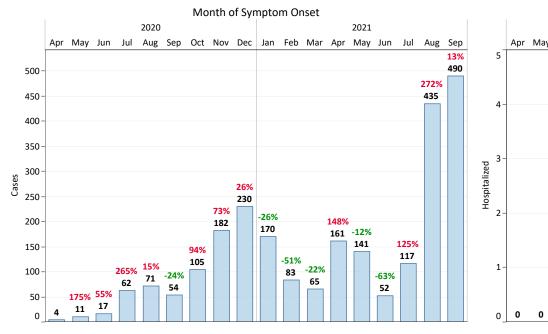
#### Infections, Hospitalizations & Deaths - Monthly Summary

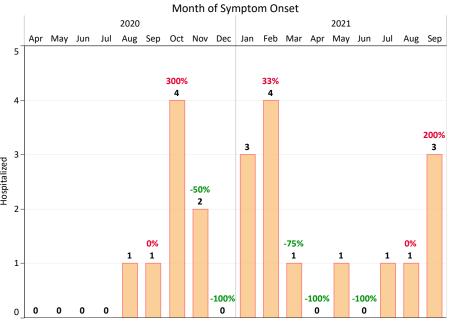
The charts below list the monthly counts for infections and cases with severe disease, along with the percent change on a month-to-month basis. Date used is the date of symptom onset. After very high case numbers in August, we have started to see a decine in cases and hospitalizations, and deaths. However, COVID-19 infections in children (17 and younger) have increased (page 2). This could be due to several factors: in-person school attendence, more group activities, or a shift to indoor activities as the summer ends. Vaccines for children under 12 may be approved by the end of October.



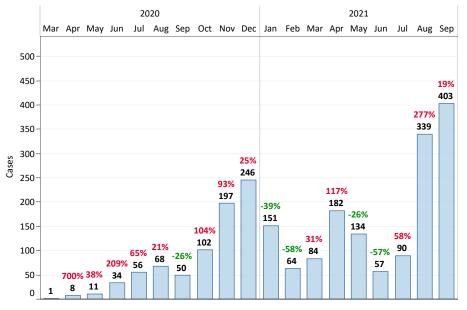
Data Updated: 10/1/2021

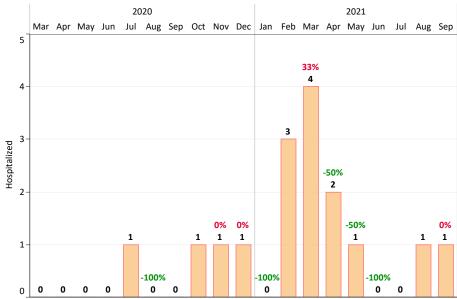
#### Cases and Hospitalizations (11 and younger)



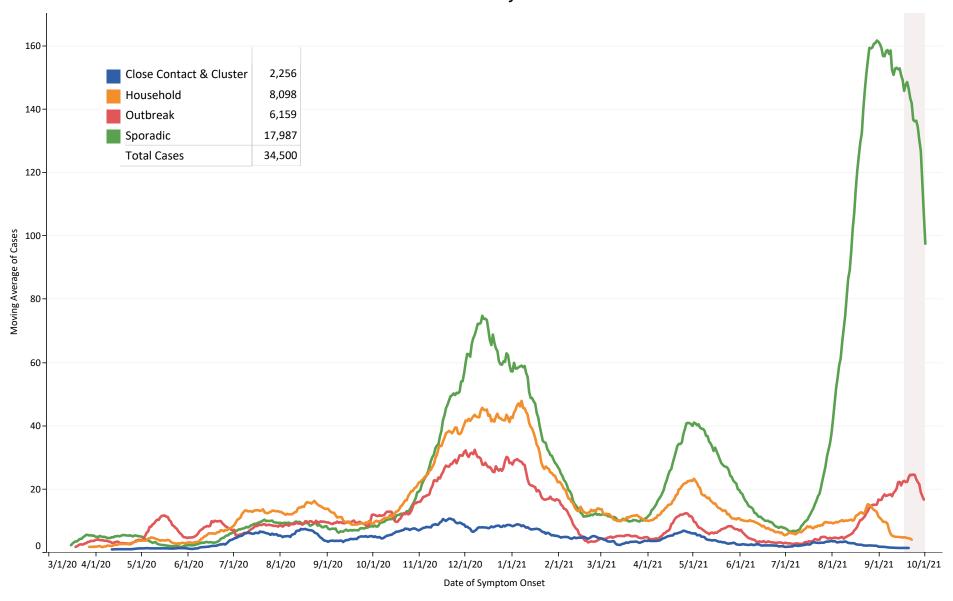


#### Cases and Hospitalizations (12 to 17)



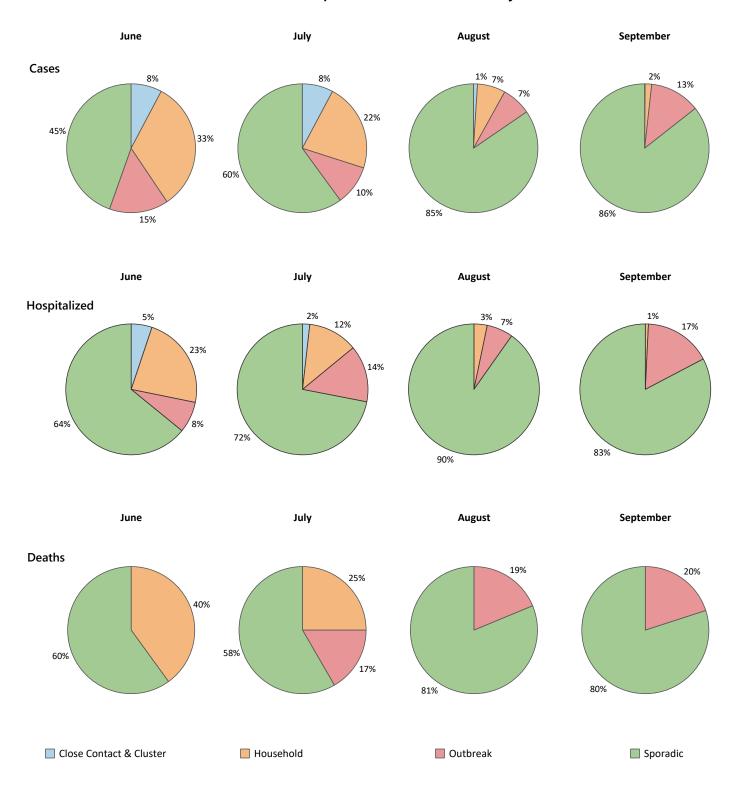


#### **Infection Trends by Source**



This chart shows the four general sources of infection and their trends using a 14-day moving average, where the dates reflect the date of symptom onset. The shaded bar indicates the date interval where data is likely incomplete. Sporadic transmission and outbreaks remain the major sources of infection.

#### Distribution of Cases, Hospitalizations and Deaths by Infection Source

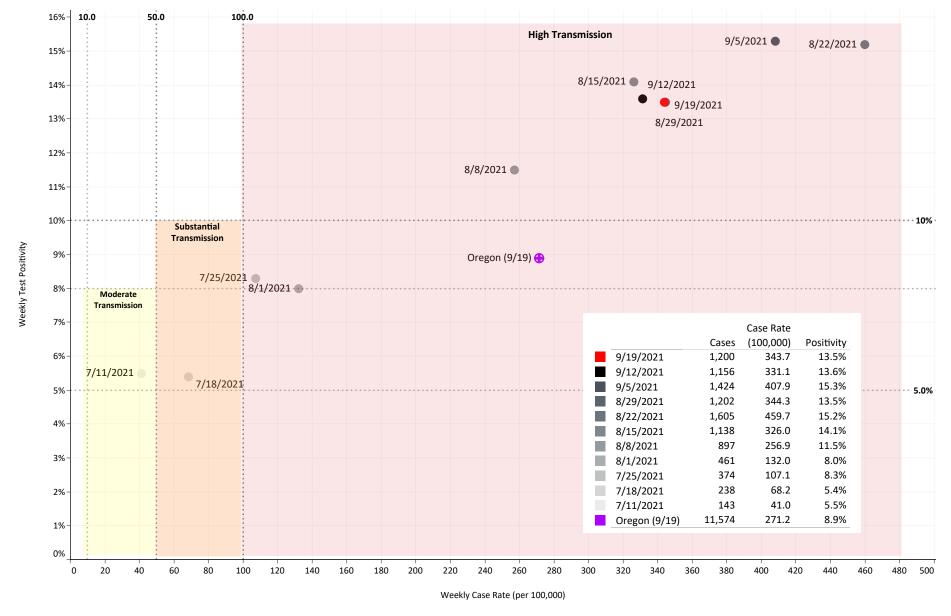


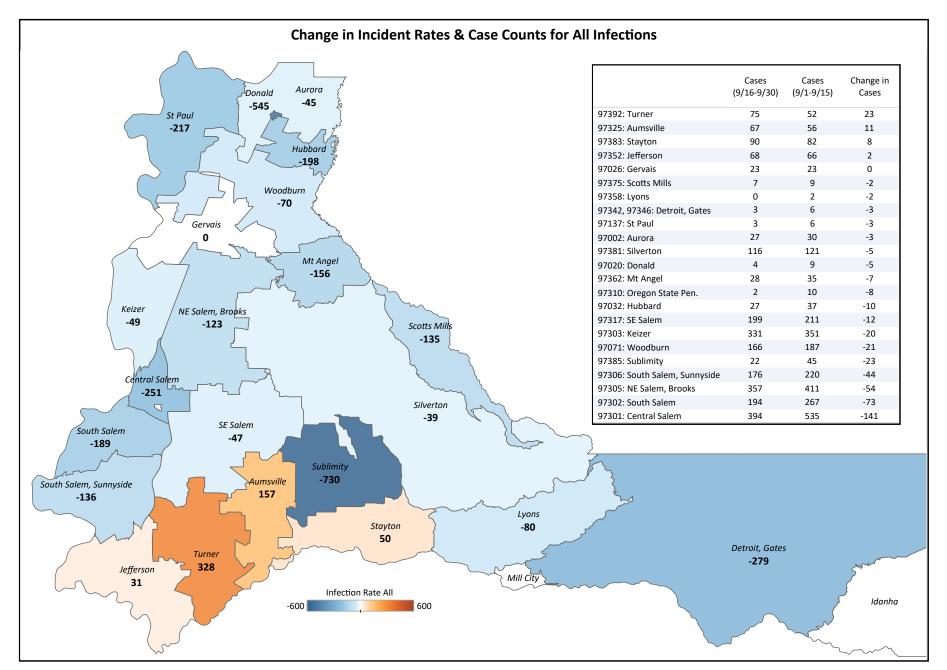
The above charts display the monthly distribution by infection source for cases, hospitalizations and deaths over the past four months. The month is assigned by date of symptom onset. The pattern emerging over the past few is months is that the majority of cases, hospitalizations and deaths are due to sporadic transmission, followed by outbreaks.

Data Updated: 10/1/2021 4

#### **CDC Level of Community Transmission**

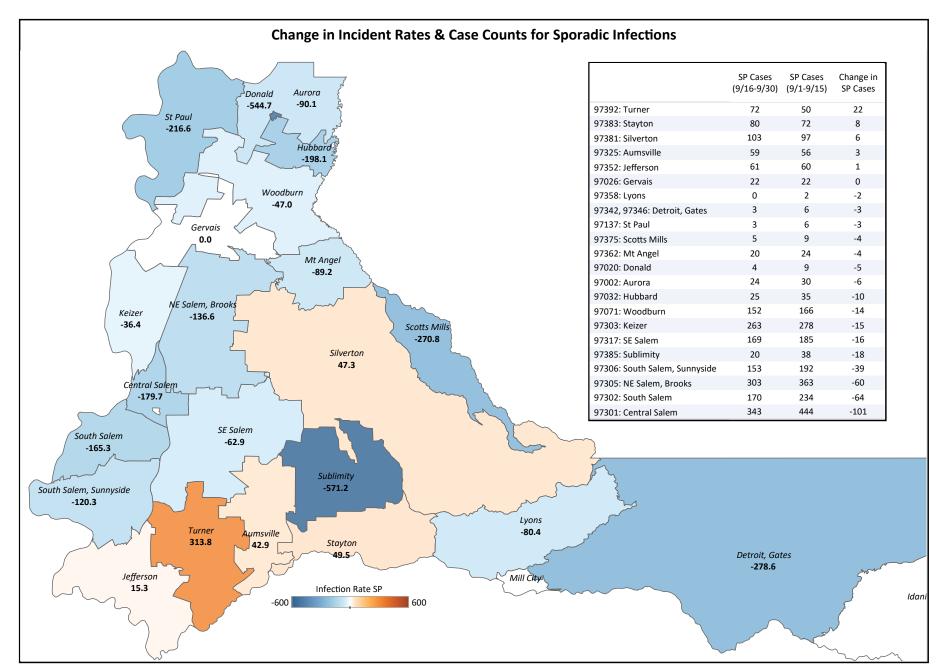
This diagram tracks the changes in the two metrics associated with the community spread of COVID-19: the test-based positivity and the number of cases per 100,000, both of which are calculated over a weekly period (Sunday-Saturday). Positivity and positivity started to rise in early July, coinciding with the increasing levels of the delta variant in the population. This week's values are similar to those of 8/29, and vary little from last weeks, suggesting a plateau.





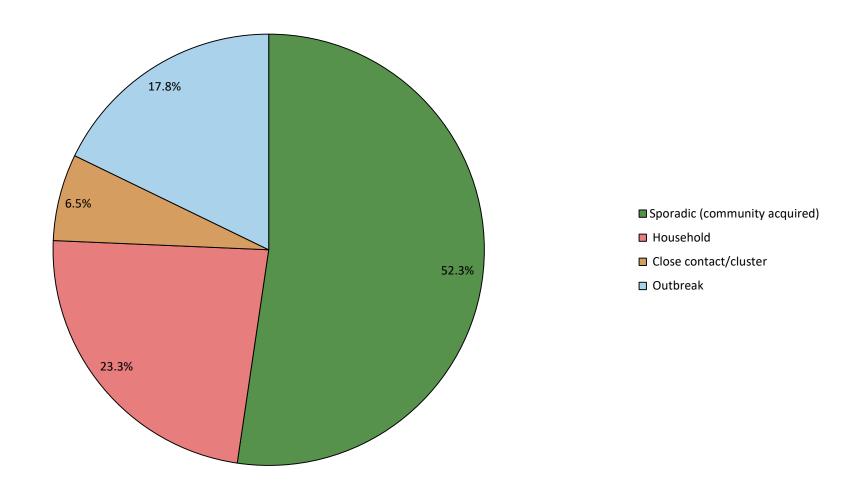
This map shows how case counts and rates due to all transmission sources have varied between the first and last part of September. During this time case counts have begun to decrease in almost all zip code areas, particularly notable in those zip codes with historically higher case counts.

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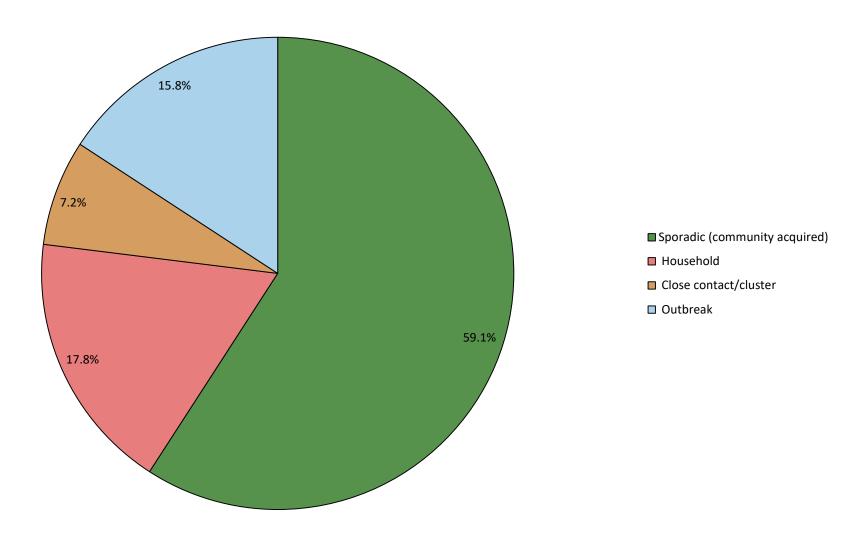
This map shows how sporadic case counts and rates have varied between the first part of September and and the latter part of the month. It shows fewer areas of reduction then the all-sources map (page 6), as sporadic transmission remains the primary source of infection at this time.

#### Percentage of COVID-19 cases in Marion County by source of infection, 3/1/20 - 10/2/21, OPERA



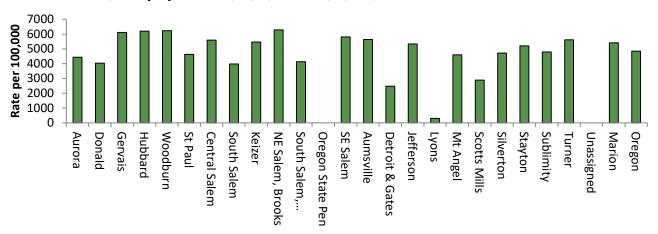
This slide shows the breakdown of infection source for COVID-19 cases in Marion County. The most common type of infection source in Marion is sporadic transmission (community acquired) (52.3%), followed by household (23.3%). \*\*It is important to note that this figure should not be directly compared to the state figure as they don't take into account differences in population size.\*\* Close contact/cluster = contact between cases from different households not associated with a facility. These are typically referred to as social event outbreaks. Generated 10/3/21. \*\*Updated bi-weekly\*\*

#### Percentage of COVID-19 cases in Oregon by source of infection, 3/1/20 - 10/2/21, OPERA

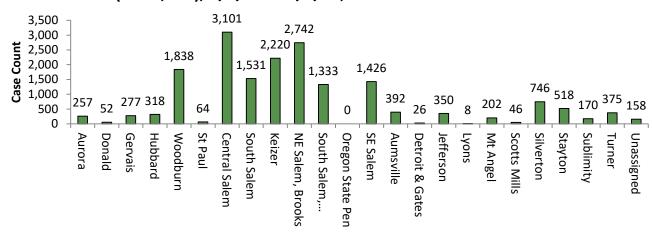


This slide shows the percentage of COVID-19 cases by the likely source of infection in Oregon. In Oregon, the most common source of infection for COVID-19 cases are sporadic (59.1%), or that the source cannot be ascertained, these are said to be "community acquired". The second most common source is households (17.8%), followed by outbreaks (15.8%). \*\*It is important to note that this figure should not be directly compared to the Marion figure as they don't take into account differences in population size.\*\* Generated 10/3/21. \*\*Updated bi-weekly\*\*

#### Rate of COVID-19 sporadic cases by zip code in Marion County per 100,000 population, 3/1/20 - 10/2/21, OPERA & Census Bureau

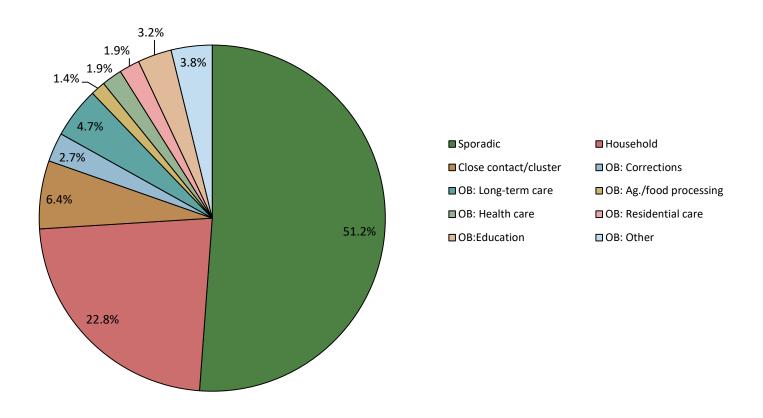


#### Count of COVID-19 sporadic cases by zip code in Marion County (N=18,150), 3/1/20 - 10/2/21, OPERA & Census Bureau



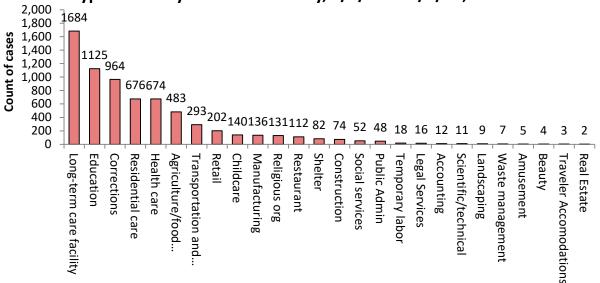
This slide shows the rate of sporadic (community acquired) COVID-19 illness per 100,000 amongst cases in Marion County. When taking population size into account, sporadic COVID-19 illness was highest in "North County" zip codes (Woodburn, Gervais, Hubbard, and NE Salem/Brooks). Of note, the sporadic case rate is higher in Marion County than Oregon, suggesting that more cases per capita became infected from an unknown source in Marion than Oregon cases as a whole. The bulk of sporadic cases by count are coming from Woodburn, Central Salem, Keizer, and NE Salem Brooks zip codes. Generated 10/3/21. \*\*Updated bi-weekly\*\*

#### Percentage of COVID-19 cases associated with an outbreak by type of facility in Marion County, 3/1/20 - 10/4/21, OPERA

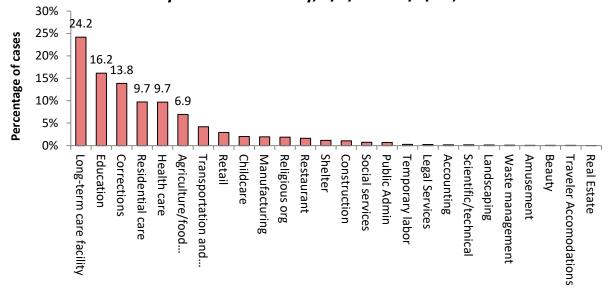


This slide shows the overall summary of source of COVID-19 illness in Marion County with a further breakdown of outbreaks. Outbreaks include any case associated with a facility in Marion County regardless of where they reside. OB = outbreaks. Generated 10/4/21. \*\*Updated bi-weekly\*\*

### Count of COVID-19 cases (N=6,963) associated with an outbreak by type of facility in Marion County, 3/1/20 - 10/4/21, OPERA

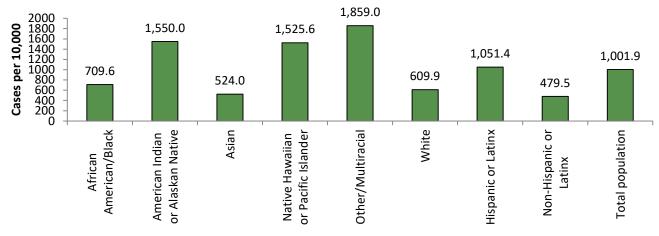


Percentage of COVID-19 cases associated with an outbreak by type of facility in Marion County, 3/1/20 - 10/4/21, OPERA

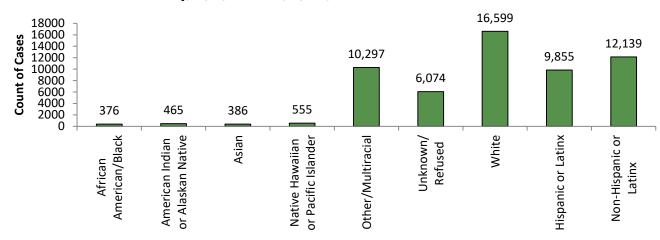


This slide shows the percentage and count of COVID-19 cases by type of outbreak facility in Marion County. The most common source of outbreaks were at long-term-care-facilities (LTCF) (24.2%), followed by education (16.2), and then corrections (13.8%). The percentage of cases associated with education settings has increased rapidly in recent weeks. Generated 10/4/21. \*\*Updated bi-weekly\*\*

### Rate of COVID-19 cases by race & ethnicity in Marion County per 10,000 population, 3/1/20 - 10/3/21, OPERA & Census Bureau



### Count of COVID-19 cases (N=34,752) by race & ethnicity in Marion County, 3/1/20 - 10/3/21, OPERA & Census Bureau



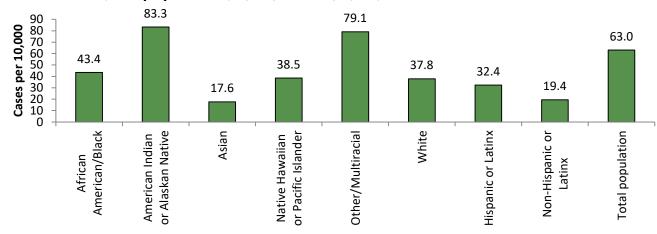
COVID-19 illness disproportionately affects communities of color. People who identified as Other or Multiracial had the highest case incidence rates of any racial group in Marion County. People who identified as Hispanic or LatinX had higher incidence rates than their Non-Hispanic or LatinX counterparts (1051.4 per 10,000 Vs. 479.5 per 10,000). At this time, 9,855 people from the Hispanic or LatinX community have had COVID-19 illness. Generated 10/4/21. \*\*Updated bi-weekly\*\*.

Race: refers to how a person identifies, typically in terms of physical characteristics such as skin color. (OHA – REALD) A person may identify as one single race or multiple races, in which case they are coded as "Other/Multiracial".

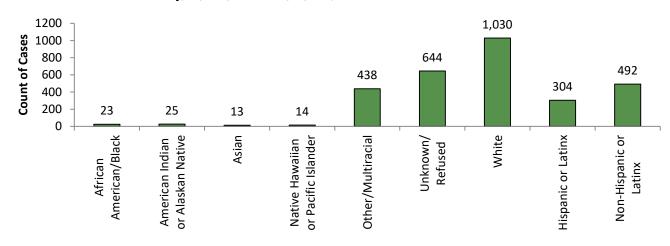
Ethnicity: refers to cultural factors such as nationality. In data collection efforts, "ethnicity" in the U.S. typically refers specifically to Hispanic ethnicity. (OHA – REALD)

Note – As cases are asked to provide their race and ethnicity, the total number of cases in the bottom figure will sum to more than the total number of cases reported (N).

### Rate of COVID-19 cases by race & ethnicity in Marion County per 10,000 population, 9/19/21 - 10/2/21, OPERA & Census Bureau



### Count of COVID-19 cases (N=2,187) by race & ethnicity in Marion County, 9/19/21 - 10/2/21, OPERA & Census Bureau



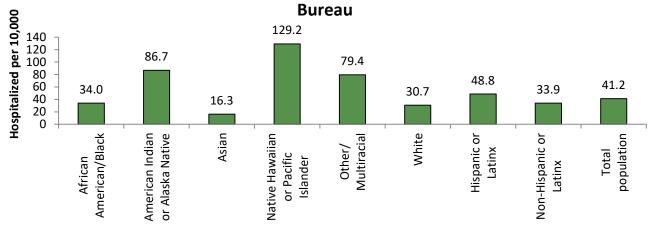
In the last two weeks, COVID-19 illness disproportionately affected communities of color in Marion County. People who identified as Hispanic or LatinX had higher incidence rates than their Non-Hispanic or LatinX counterparts (32.4 per 10,000 Vs. 19.4 per 10,000). Generated 10/4/21. \*\*Updated bi-weekly\*\*.

Race: refers to how a person identifies, typically in terms of physical characteristics such as skin color. (OHA – REALD) A person may identify as one single race or multiple races, in which case they are coded as "Other/Multiracial".

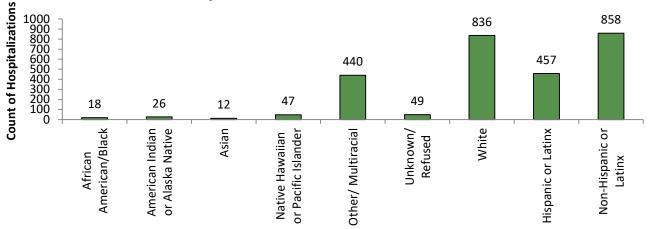
Ethnicity: refers to cultural factors such as nationality. In data collection efforts, "ethnicity" in the U.S. typically refers specifically to Hispanic ethnicity. (OHA – REALD)

Note – As cases are asked to provide their race and ethnicity, the total number of cases in the bottom figure will sum to more than the total number of cases reported (N).

# Rate of COVID-19 hospitalizations by race & ethnicity in Marion County per 10,000 population, 1/1/20 - 8/2/21, OPERA & Census



# Count of COVID-19 hospitalizations(N=1,428) by race & ethnicity in Marion County, 1/1/20 - 8/2/21, OPERA & Census Bureau



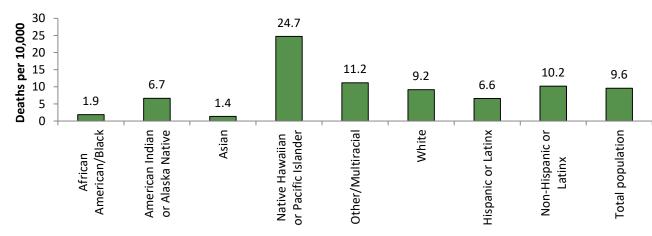
In the community, people who identified as Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander had the highest rate of hospitalizations from COVID-19 of any racial group (129.2 per 10,000). People who identified as Hispanic or LatinX had higher hospitalization rates than their Non-Hispanic or LatinX counterparts (48.8 per 10,000 Vs. 33.9 per 10,000). At this time, 1,428 people in the community have been hospitalized with COVID-19. Generated 8/2/21. \*\*Updated as needed\*\*

Race: refers to how a person identifies, typically in terms of physical characteristics such as skin color. (OHA – REALD) A person may identify as one single race or multiple races, in which case they are coded as "Other/Multiracial".

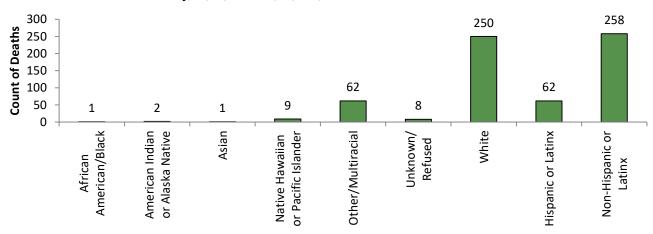
Ethnicity: refers to cultural factors such as nationality. In data collection efforts, "ethnicity" in the U.S. typically refers specifically to Hispanic ethnicity. (OHA – REALD)

Note – As cases are asked to provide their race and ethnicity, the total number of cases in the bottom figure will sum to more than the total number of cases reported (N).

### Rate of COVID-19 deaths by race & ethnicity in Marion County per 10,000 population, 1/1/20 - 8/2/21, OPERA & Census Bureau



# Count of COVID-19 deaths (N=333) by race & ethnicity in Marion County, 1/1/20 - 8/2/21, OPERA & Census Bureau



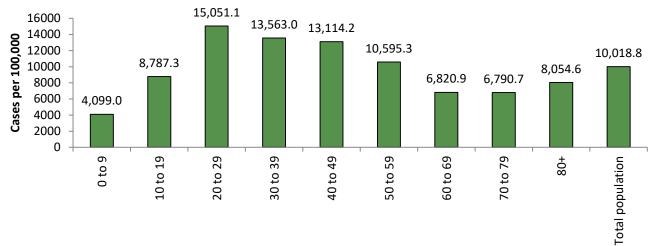
The COVID-19 mortality rate was highest amongst the Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander community (24.7 per 10,000) in Marion County. People who identified as non-Hispanic or LatinX had higher mortality rates from COVID-19 than their Hispanic or LatinX counterparts (10.2 per 10,000 Vs. 6.6 per 10,000). At this time, 333 people in the community have died due to COVID-19. Generated 8/2/21. \*\*Updated as needed\*\*

Race: refers to how a person identifies, typically in terms of physical characteristics such as skin color. (OHA – REALD) A person may identify as one single race or multiple races, in which case they are coded as "Other/Multiracial".

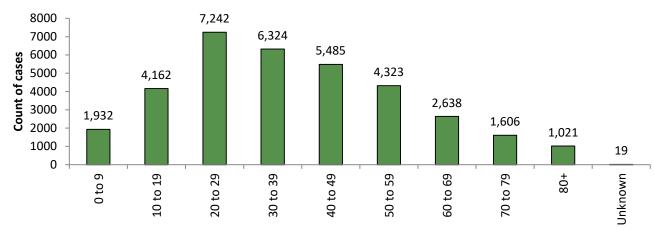
Ethnicity: refers to cultural factors such as nationality. In data collection efforts, "ethnicity" in the U.S. typically refers specifically to Hispanic ethnicity. (OHA – REALD)

Note – As cases are asked to provide their race and ethnicity, the total number of cases in the bottom figure will sum to more than the total number of cases reported (N).

### Rate of COVID-19 cases by age in Marion County per 100,000 population, 3/1/20 - 10/3/21, OPERA & Census Bureau

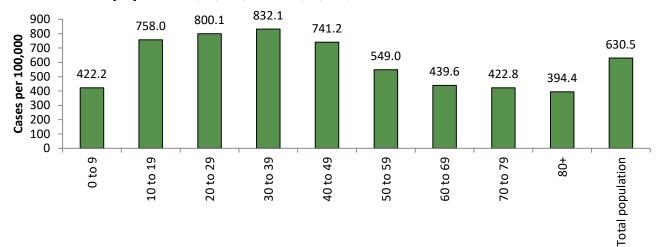


# Count of COVID-19 cases by age in Marion County per 100,000 population (N=34,752), 3/1/20 - 10/3/21, OPERA & Census Bureau

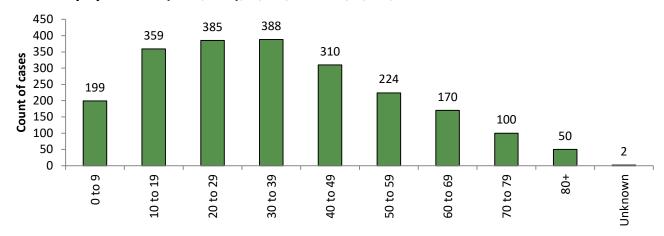


COVID-19 incidence rates have been higher in working age adults between the ages of 20-59 throughout the pandemic. Rates were highest for those between the ages of 20-29. Rates fell off after age 59 before rising again for those over the age of 80. Generated 10/4/21
\*\*Updated bi-weekly\*\*

#### Rate of COVID-19 cases by age in Marion County per 100,000 population, 9/19/21 - 10/2/21, OPERA & Census Bureau

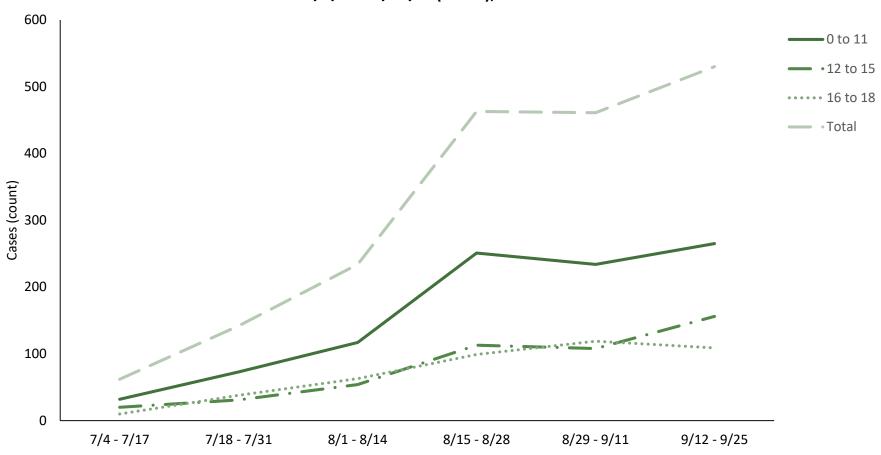


Count of COVID-19 cases by age in Marion County per 100,000 population (N=2,187), 9/19/21 - 10/2/21, OPERA & Census Bureau



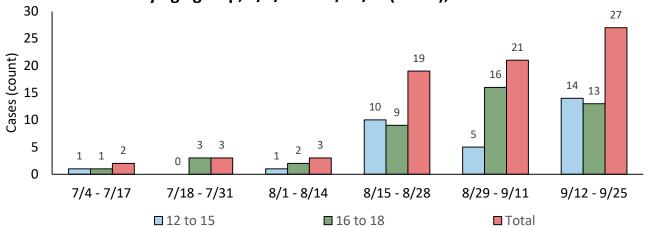
In the past two weeks, COVID-19 incidence rates have been higher in working age adults between the ages of 20-59. Rates were highest for those between the ages of 30-39. Generated 10/4/21 \*\*Updated bi-weekly\*\*

### Cases in children (under 19) in Marion County by age group, 7/4/21 - 9/25/21(onset), OPERA

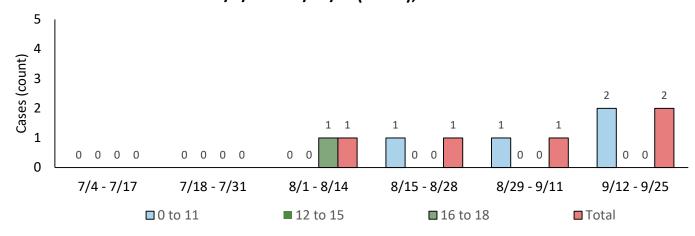


Cases have been increasing in children across all age groups in Marion County recently. \*\*Please do not compare age groups to each other as they have not been adjusted for differences in their respective population sizes (i.e. per capita rates).\*\* Generated 10/4/21. \*\*Updated bi-weekly\*\*

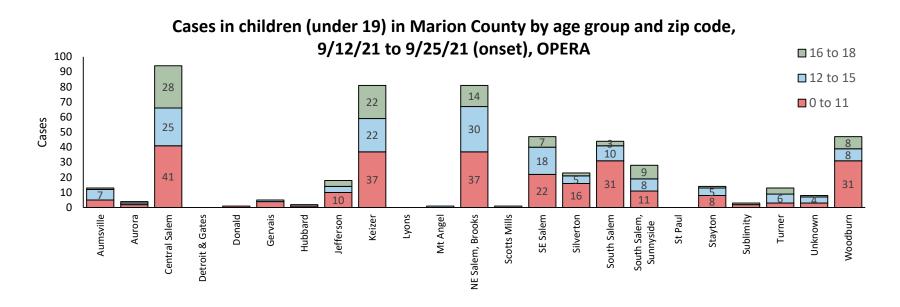
#### Cases in fully vaccinated children 12-18 years old in Marion County by age group, 7/4/21 to 9/25/21(onset), OPERA

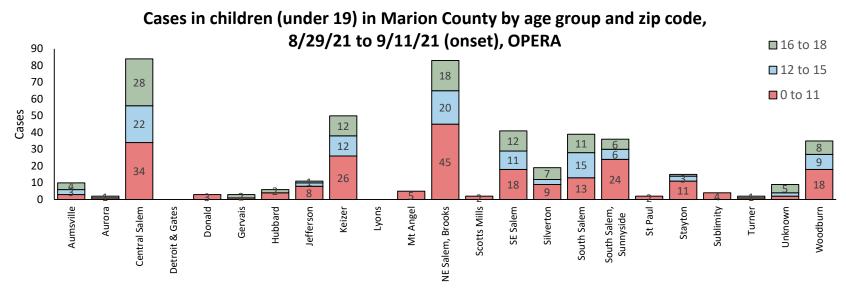


### Cases in hospitalized children (under 19) in Marion County by age group, 7/4/21 to 9/25/21(onset), OPERA



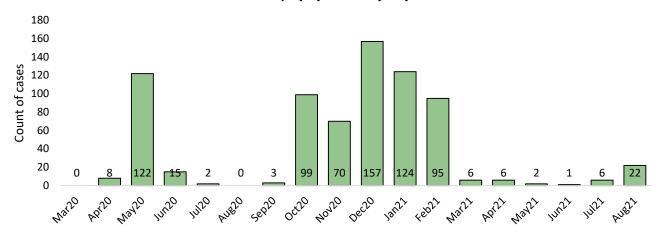
Cases in fully vaccinated children (breakthrough) increased in the last month after a period of relative stability. Additionally, child hospitalizations have remained low, as five children have been hospitalized between 7/4/21 to 9/25/21. \*\*Please do not compare age groups as they have not been adjusted for differences in their respective population sizes (i.e. per capita rates). \*\* Generated 10/4/21. \*\*Updated bi-weekly\*\*



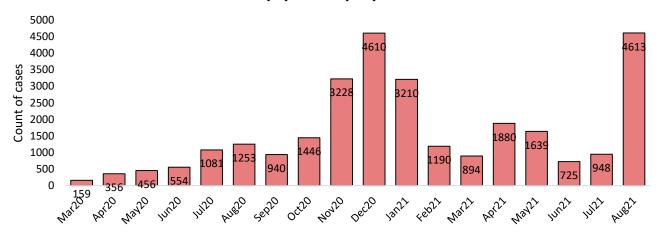


In general, child case counts have increased sacross zip codes in Marion County compared to the previous two week time period. \*\*Please do not compare age groups or zip codes to each other as they have not been adjusted for differences in their respective population sizes (i.e. per capita rates).\*\* Generated 10/4/21. \*\*Updated bi-weekly\*\*

#### Count of COVID-19 cases for persons in custody in Marion County, OPERA, 3/1/20 to 8/31/21

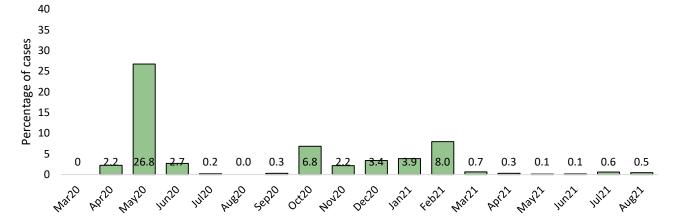


### Count of COVID-19 cases in Marion County, OPERA, 3/1/20 to 8/31/21

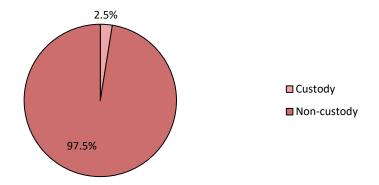


As of 8/31/21, 738 people in custody at State operated facilities in Marion County have had COVID-19. In May 2020, a large outbreak occurred at the Oregon State Pen, which followed a period of relative calm before becoming elevated again in the Fall/Winter of 2020. Cases in custody fell off sharply beginning in March 2021 and continued at low levels before rising again in August 2021 at the same time that the general community experienced a surge in cases due to the Delta variant. There were 29,182 total cases in Marion County as of 8/31/21, with an increasing trend of cases that peaked in Dec 2020 before falling off sharply in February 2021 and then rising again in April 2021 before falling off again into the summer months and then rising abruptly in August 2021 due to the Delta variant. Generated 9/5/21. \*\*Updated monthly\*\*

#### Percentage of COVID-19 cases for persons in custody vs. noncustody in Marion County, OPERA, 3/1/20 to 8/31/21



# Percentage of COVID-19 cases for persons in custody vs. non persons in custody in Marion County, OPERA, 3/1/20 to 8/31/21



Since the beginning of the pandemic, the percentage of cases that were people in custody at State facilities was a relatively low proportion of the total cases reported, with the exception of May 2020, where 26.8% of all cases were in custody. Of all cases reported, people in custody represent 2.5% of the total cases in Marion County. Generated 9/5/21. \*\*Update monthly\*\*